Home Science Technology Marketing Culture

About Edgy ▼

Culture 3 min read

Data Shows One Third of Chinese Cities are Shrinking

The dimming nightlight in China betrays the shrinking urban areas and the overall socio-economic slowdown in the country.





China has long been the leader in urbanization. Now, research shows that rate may be slowing. | Pixabay

After being long associated with darkness and discontinuity of the social rhythm, the night is now a territory of cultural and socio-economic opportunities.

The intensity of artificial light emitted during night-time has become an indicator of **urbanization** and economic activity.
Unlike images taken during daytime, night

imagery doesn't need to be of high resolution, thus covering wider urban areas.

Thanks to satellite imagery, analysts use spatial-temporal changes in nightlight intensity as spatial data to track urbanization rates and economic development.

In China, over four decades of economic reform has drastically reshaped the urban landscape, marked by population growth and massive rural-urban migration.

With more than half the population living in urban areas, China's high industrialization and urbanization rates come with an unsurprisingly intense nightlight.

However, a three-year analysis of nightlight imagery over thousands of Chinese cities and urban tissues "sheds light" on the less than shiny spots in the picture.

China's Night Light is Dimming

Using satellite imagery data to monitor the intensity of night lights, researchers from **Tsinghua University** found that about one thousand of Chinese urban areas are shrinking.

Of the 3,300 cities and towns monitored between 2013 and 2016, the team found that nightlight has dimmed by 10 percent in 938 of the cases.

The **Beijing City Lab**(BCL) is a research center

dedicated to urban
development in China
whose founder, **Long Ying**,
associate professor at
Tsinghua University's
School of Architecture, led
the present study.

According to the BCL, 19,882 among all 39,007 of Chinese cities and towns, over a quarter, were losing their population from 2000 to 2010.

"Underrepresented, understudied, and underreported," said Ying Long of China's shrinking cities.

Read More: China To Complete New Artificial Sun Device This Year

The findings of the study put hundreds of flies in the ointment of the Chinese miracle, and don't come as a surprise in a

context marked by dwindling population and declining economic activity.

In 2017, China's urbanization rate was a little over 56 percent, and the government plans to make 60 percent of the population live in urban areas by 2020.

The Chinese central government can easily reach a 60 percent urbanization rate goal.

Over 270 million migrant workers from the countryside who are already living in cities just need a "hukou" permit to get urban resident status.

There's also an "administrative" reason to China's breakneck urbanization.

A previous study on

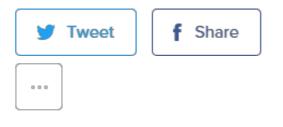
Chinese shrinking cities has shown that:

"Urbanization in China often involves a significant political dimension. Largely rural settlements could be accorded with the city status overnight by administrative power, which further accelerates the urban process."

Read More: China Plans to Launch its First Mars Rover Next Year

Found this article interesting?

Let Zayan Guedim know how much you appreciate this article by clicking the heart icon and by sharing this article on social media.





Zayan Guedim

Trilingual poet, investigative journalist, and novelist. Zed loves tackling the big existential questions and all-things quantum.



Handpicked







Appliance Wybriden Backargest Smart or Energy Time Withitcoin Appliance arvestiffees 5 Market' spy? 4 System Technologies n Ways Could Goes to Everyday Reyaplutionize departs the Devices Microdevikilders After cash Det... Share Share Chaina

Comments (0) Most Recent ~

You

Share your thoughts...

@2019

EdgyLabs.com All Right Reserved

We help brands stay relevant and gain visibility in search results.

hello@edgylabs.com

ategories EdgyLabs Follow Us

Technology About Us Twitter

Science Services Facebook

Marketing Privacy Policy Instagram

Culture YouTube